AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 1, 2008 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 19, 2008 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 24, 2008

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2007–08 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 2939

Introduced by Assembly Member Hancock (Coauthors: Assembly Members Laird and Lieu)

February 22, 2008

An act to amend Sections 17958.5, 17958.7, and 18941.5 of, and to add Section 17958.6 to, the Health and Safety Code, relating to building standards.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2939, as amended, Hancock. Building standards: green buildings: local variances.

The California Building Standards Law provides for the adoption of building standards by state agencies by requiring all state agencies that adopt or propose adoption of any building standard to submit the building standard to the California Building Standards Commission for approval or adoption.

Existing law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to propose the adoption, amendment, or repeal of building standards to the commission relating to hotels, motels, lodging houses, apartment houses, and dwellings, and the buildings and structures accessory thereto, except as specified.

Existing law authorizes a city or county to make changes or modifications in the building standards proposed by the department and approved by the commission, to provide for local variances relating to AB 2939 -2-

local climatic, geological, or topographical conditions, upon making certain findings and filing those findings with the commission.

This bill would specifically authorize a city, county, or city and county to make changes or modifications in the building standards proposed by the department and approved by the commission, to permit the city, county, or city and county to implement—specified green building guidelines and scoring systems one or more green building standards, guidelines, and rating systems, as defined, if the change or modification does not permit use of a building standard that is less stringent than those otherwise permitted under existing law.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and hereby declares all of the following:

- (a) The design, construction, and maintenance of buildings and structures within the state can have a significant impact on the state's environmental sustainability, *greenhouse gas emissions*, resource usage and efficiency, and waste management, and the health and productivity of the state's residents, workers, and visitors.
- (b) Green building design, construction, and operation can have a significant positive effect on energy and resource efficiency and waste and pollution generation, and the health and productivity of a building's occupants over the life of the building.
- (b) Green building is a whole-systems approach to the design, construction, and operation of buildings, from the early stages of development to the final finishes to the day-to-day operations and maintenance of the building. Green building includes the following five principles: planning for livable communities, energy efficiency, indoor environmental quality and health, natural resource conservation, and water conservation.
- (c) Green building benefits are spread throughout the systems and features of the building. Green building goes beyond energy efficiency measures to include, among other things, using certified sustainable wood products; aggressive use of high recycled content products; installation of recyclable carpet, high efficiency lights, and chlorofluorocarbon-free air-conditioning equipment; separation

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and recycling of building material waste that occurs during deconstruction, demolition, and construction; enhancement of indoor air quality by selection and use of construction materials that do not have chemical emissions that are toxic or irritating to building occupants; modification of heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning systems to provide high-quality indoor air; selection of construction materials made of substantial recycled content; installation of high performance solar control glazing; use of recycled water in interior and exterior plumbing and for landscaping purposes; and the use of alternative energy methods for supplemental energy production. efficiency measures to include, among other things, sites and designs that make it easier for people to drive less, durable and low-maintenance materials, passive solar design, high efficiency heating and cooling equipment, upgraded insulation, materials with reduced formaldehyde and low-volatile or nonvolatile organic compounds, reuse and recycling of construction and demolition debris, recycled content products, low-water landscaping and high efficiency irrigation, and high efficiency appliances and fixtures.

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- (d) In recent years, green building design, construction, and operations techniques and practices have become increasingly widespread. Many homeowners, businesses, and building professionals have voluntarily sought to incorporate green building techniques and practices into their projects. A number of local and national systems have been developed to serve as guides to green building practices.
- (e) Several provisions of the California Building Standards Code state law are creating uncertainty regarding the ability of California cities and counties in California to require the use of proven and effective green building techniques, even where those techniques exceed all-minimum California building standards. This uncertainty is preventing the cities and counties that wish to do so from fully realizing the economic and environmental benefits of mandating green building techniques. minimum California building standards. Specifically, the California Building Standards Law generally preempts cities and counties from setting building standards different from those set forth in the California Building Standards Code, except when the city or county determines that modifications are "reasonably necessary because of local climatic, geological, or topographical conditions." The resultant uncertainty is

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preventing the cities and counties that wish to do so from fully realizing the economic and environmental benefits of mandating green building measures, even though those measures provide one of the most effective means for local governments to meet greenhouse gas emissions reduction and other important environmental objectives. While the California Building Standards Commission is developing green building standards that will be adopted as code, many local governments have begun to go beyond voluntary measures and mandate more comprehensive green building programs as a strategy to address climate change, and those local governments should have a mechanism to do so without the current uncertainty and potential legal threat.

- (f) To permit the people of the State of California to realize the benefits of green building, it is necessary to amend the California Building Standards Code to clarify that cities, counties, or city and counties a city, county, or city and county may mandate the use of appropriate green building techniques measures.
- SEC. 2. Section 17958.5 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 17958.5. (a) Except as provided in Section 17922.6, in adopting the ordinances or regulations pursuant to Section 17958, a city, county, or city and county may make those changes or modifications in the requirements contained in the provisions published in the California Building Standards Code and the other regulations adopted pursuant to Section 17922 that the city, county, or city and county determines, it determines, pursuant to the provisions of Section 17958.7, are reasonably necessary to do-any either of the following:
- (1) Address local climatic, geological, or topographical conditions.
- (2) Permit the city, county, or city and county to implement one or more of the green building guidelines and scoring systems identified in Section 17958.6 if the change or modification does not permit use of a building standard that is less stringent than those otherwise permitted under this part. or more green building standards, guidelines, and rating systems, if the change or modification does not permit the use of a building standard that is less stringent than those otherwise permitted under this part. For the purposes of this subdivision, a city and county may make reasonably necessary modifications, on the basis of local

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conditions, to the requirements adopted pursuant to Section 17922 and contained in the California Building Standards Code and related regulations.

- (b) For the purposes of this part, "green building" shall mean a structure that uses a holistic approach or life cycle analysis approach for design, construction, and demolition that minimizes the building's impact on the environment, the occupants, and the community, and that includes measures to reduce impacts, including, but not limited to, site planning, energy efficiency, water efficiency conservation, materials and resource efficiency, indoor air quality, and environmental quality.
- (c) For the purposes of this part, "green building standards, guidelines, and rating systems" shall mean a publicly available system that is developed by a third-party and provides a mechanism for evaluating and determining whether, and to what extent, a structure qualifies as a green building.
- (d) Any ordinance or regulation adopted by a city, county, or city and county to implement one or more green building standards, guidelines, and rating systems shall include a procedure by which that city, county, or city and county shall review any subsequent changes to that system before those changes can take effect within the city, county, or city and county.
- (e) A city, county, or city and county that has adopted an ordinance or regulation to implement one or more green building standards, guidelines, and rating systems prior to January 1, 2009, without making the required findings pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 17958.7, shall be deemed to have complied with this section, and Sections 17958.7 and 18941.5, for the purposes of that ordinance or regulation, if the city, county, or city and county makes and files the required finding pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 17958.7 on or before January 1, 2010.

(e)

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- (f) Nothing in this section or in Section—17958.6, 17958.7, 17958.7 or 18941.5 shall limit or alter the requirements of subdivision (h) of Section 25402.1 of the Public Resources Code regarding city or county conservation or energy—installation insulation standards.
- SEC. 3. Section 17958.6 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read:

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1 17958.6. (a) A city, county, or city and county that adopts
2 ordinances or regulations making changes or modifications in the
3 California Building Standards Code to implement green building
4 guidelines and scoring systems pursuant to Section 17958.5 shall
5 require the use of one of the following rating systems, or any other
6 system approved for this purpose by the California Building
7 Standards Commission:

- (1) The GreenPoint Rated system of the Build it Green organization.
- (2) The California Green Builder Program of the California Building Industry Association.
- (3) The Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design system of the United States Green Building Council.
- (4) The Green Globes system for new buildings of the Green Building Initiative.
- (b) The California Building Standards Commission may assess an application review and processing fee for any rating system application submitted to the commission for approval. The fee charged shall not exceed the cost of reviewing and processing the application.
- (e) Any ordinance or regulation adopted by a city, county, or city and county to implement one of the green building guidelines and scoring systems identified in subdivision (a) shall include a procedure by which that city, county, or city and county shall review any subsequent changes to that system before those changes can take effect within the city, county, or city and county.
- (d) A city, county, or city and county that has adopted an ordinance or regulation to implement one or more of the green building guidelines or scoring systems set forth in this section prior to January 1, 2009, without making the required findings pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 17958.7, shall be deemed to have complied with this section and Sections 17958.5, 17958.7, and 18941.5 for the purposes of that ordinance or regulation so long as the city, county, or city and county makes and files the required finding pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 17958.7 on or before January 1, 2010.
- 37 SEC. 4.

38 SEC. 3. Section 17958.7 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

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1 17958.7. (a) Except as provided in Section 17922.6, the 2 governing body of a city, county, or city and county, before making 3 any modifications or changes pursuant to Section 17958.5, shall 4 make an express finding that the modifications or changes are 5 reasonably necessary because of local climatic, geological, or 6 topographical conditions, or to permit the city, county, or city and 7 county to implement one or more of the green building guidelines 8 and scoring systems identified in Section 17958.6. The green building standards, guidelines, and rating systems. The finding 10 shall be available as a public record. A copy of those findings, 11 together with the modification or change expressly marked and 12 identified so as to correlate with the relevant findings, shall be 13 filed with the California Building Standards Commission. If the modification or change consists of the adoption of one or more 14 15 green building standards, guidelines, and rating systems, this 16 requirement shall be satisfied by filing a copy of the findings that 17 expressly identifies the green building guidelines and rating 18 systems. No modification or change shall become effective or 19 operative for any purpose until the finding and the modification or change have been filed with the California Building Standards 20 21 Commission.

(b) The California Building Standards Commission may reject a modification or change filed by the governing body of a city, county, or city and county if no finding was submitted.

SEC. 5.

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- SEC. 4. Section 18941.5 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 18941.5. (a) (1) Amendments, additions, and deletions to the California Building Standards Code adopted by a city, county, or city and county pursuant to this section or pursuant to Section 17958.7, together with all applicable portions of the California Building Standards Code, shall become effective 180 days after publication of the California Building Standards Code by the commission, or at a later date after publication established by the commission.
- (2) The publication date established by the commission shall be no earlier than the date the California Building Standards Code is available for purchase by the public.
- (b) Neither the State Building Standards Law contained in this part, nor the application of building standards contained in this

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1 section, shall limit the authority of a city, county, or city and county 2 to establish more restrictive building standards reasonably 3 necessary because of local climatic, geological, or topographical 4 conditions, or to permit the city, county, or city and county to 5 implement the green building guidelines and scoring system established by one of the rating systems identified in Section 6 7 17958.6. The governing body shall make the finding necessary 8 because of local climatic, geological, or topographical conditions, 9 or to permit a city, county, or city and county to implement one or more green building standards, guidelines, and rating systems. 10 The governing body shall make the finding required by Section 11 12 17958.7 and the other requirements imposed by Section 17958.7 13 shall apply to that finding. Nothing in this section shall limit the authority of fire protection districts pursuant to subdivision (a) of 14 15 Section 13869.7. Further, nothing in this section shall require findings required by Section 17958.7 beyond those currently 16 17 required for more restrictive building standards related to housing.